

CONGRESS AGAIN RESUMES WORK.

Both Branches Convene, but Soon Adjourn to Await the Last Message

HARRISON WILL WRITE.

Senate and House Transformed into Big Beds of Flowers.

A Day of Handshaking and Congratulations for the Democrats—Condolences on the Other Side—Ex-Speaker Reed an Especial Butt for Jokes and Ribes—Peffer, the Kansas, Twitted About Mrs. Lease's Candidacy as His Colleague—Dave Hill Not Present to Receive the Thanks of His Party Leaders—The Message to Be Sent to Congress To-Day to Be a Model for the Future—How Mr. Sipe Was Sworn in Before His Credentials Arrive.

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Never was such a crowd before seen at the opening of a short session of Congress as that which jammed the corridors and galleries of the House and Senate to-day. Certainly it was not on account of the expectation of anything exciting, and the crush can only be explained by the fact that the fine weather of the past week has filled the city with visitors, and this perfect Indian summer day took them all to the Capitol.

The proceedings were as uninteresting as could be conceived, and nothing relieved them from utter routine monotony except the display of flowers which made the House and Senate like conservatories, suggesting in all but the first day of a session, and added to this was the general handshaking and congratulations and chaffing, telling of the holding of a recent election at which many of the members had suffered both as individuals and as members of parties.

Most Feenlar Case on Record.

Probably not since the war has there occurred a case so peculiar in this respect, at the first meeting of Congress after a national election. Heretofore if the Democrats had the House the Republicans had the Senate. During the short period when the Democrats had the Senate the Republicans had either the House or the President, or both. When the Democrats had the President and the House the Republicans defied them with a majority in the Senate.

At the late election, for the first time in long years, a party captured President, House and Senate at one swoop, and to the chafing of their antagonists the Republicans could hardly think of anything to say in reply except that the Democrats had not carried Pennsylvania. This was a pleasant surprise, but it was not a pleasant one to the Democrats, who were inclined to crow not a little over the Democrats in pointing to the gallant manner in which they had redeemed their State.

Reed Gives as Good as He Gets.

Ex-Speaker Reed was the butt of the keenest rally. Around his chair was gathered constantly a group of leading Democrats, who subjected him to a galling cross-fire of wit and sarcasm, to which he replied in kind, making the best of the circumstances.

Over in the Senate similar scenes took place. Republican Senators from States which were carried by the Democrats were targets for no end of witicism. Peffer, of Kansas, was congratulated by nearly the entire Senate, not only for the victorious fight of his party in the State, but because of the possibility that he will have for his colleague, as the successor of Perkins, the irrepressible and terrible Mrs. Lease.

So went the post-election merriment, somewhat ghastly, from a certain standpoint, it is true, but yet the best thing possible in such circumstances. Some of the Republicans spoke seriously in reply to Democratic raillery, avowing a genuine pleasure that their old antagonists had at last captured the administration. If they were to have the President and the House, it was best they should have the Senate also, and take the whole responsibility.

Hill Too Modest to Be Present.

One significant thing about this melee of gratulation and fun-making, which occurred while members, visitors and correspondents crowded the chambers, and great bouquets of all varieties of fashionable roses were being planted on nearly every desk, was the absence of Senator Hill, of New York, from the Senate chamber. It was inferred that he was too modest to present himself in that moment of handshaking to provoke congratulations for the big majority he had assisted to roll up for Cleveland in New York.

Revisions Made Necessary by November.

Besides, Mr. Harrison has had to revise many of his intentions in regard to the tone of his message. Had the elections resulted to his liking his task would have been easy. He now feels that he must explain a little and go a little farther than he had intended into historical analysis and defense.

It is said he expects to make this his last annual message, a model, in a way, for the message Mr. Cleveland will have to write four years hence. He informed the committee that his message would be sent to Congress at the hour of convening to-morrow. Much curiosity is manifested to know what explanation he will give of the great calamity. Perhaps he will make it a "business message," and omit all unpleasant references.

An incident which does not always happen at the beginning of the short session

was the swearing in of new members. No less than four from Pennsylvania, Ohio, Virginia and California took the oath at the Clerk's desk.

How Mr. Sipe Was Sworn In.

In the case of Representative W. A. Sipe, of the Twenty-fourth Pennsylvania, elected not only for the term of the Fifty-third Congress, but to fill out the unexpired term of the late Representative Craig in this Congress, a somewhat unusual statement was made. Mr. Mutchler made the motion that Mr. Sipe be sworn in by unanimous consent, though he had not received his credentials through some unaccountable delay or oversight. Representative Dill stepped to the front and addressed the Chair and said he had some knowledge of the election in the Twenty-fourth district and as there was no doubt of the election of Mr. Sipe he supported the motion of Mr. Mutchler.

Thereupon Mr. Sipe took his place at the right of the rank of four as it faced the Speaker, the four held up their right hands, the Clerk read the oath, and Mr. Sipe became a member without credentials. He was heartily congratulated by Stone, Dazell, Broius and other Pennsylvania Republicans. He is a slender, intellectual-looking gentleman, slightly above medium height, with dark hair and full dark beard, and apparently about 40 years old. He will occupy the seat vacated by the late member whom he succeeded, which is far to the rear on the Democratic side, for Mr. Craig had been elected to the seat of Mr. Sipe, and had to take what was left, and there was little left unoccupied on that side, as is well known.

One Important Bill Brought In.

One of the few bills introduced to-day was that of Mr. Mutchler, of Pennsylvania, providing that July 1, 1893, the Pension Bureau shall be transferred to the War Department. This would certainly be a great advance step toward a reform of pension methods, and it has been admitted for years by many who have given much thought to the problem that the bureau should never have been instituted except under the well-disciplined, well-equipped Department of War. The Interior Department has a multitudes of duties to perform, and it is not surprising that the work of the Pension Bureau, and much of the information necessary for the operation of the bureau necessarily comes from the War Department. It can hardly be doubted that a stern ownership of the work of the Pension Bureau, and much of the information necessary for the operation of the bureau necessarily comes from the War Department. It can hardly be doubted that a stern ownership of the work of the Pension Bureau, and much of the information necessary for the operation of the bureau necessarily comes from the War Department.

Representative Stone has no expectation that anything will be done with his immigration bill at this session, and the one which passed the Senate at the last session is also expected to be buried.

The fact is the cholera scare was as new light on the labor troubles has transformed opinion on the question of immigration, and it is probable if anything be done in this respect it will be in a more drastic than anything yet contemplated, though scarcely going to the length of Senator Chandler's proposition to entirely suspend immigration for the space of one year.

A Homestead Report Nearly Ready.

Senator Gallinger, Chairman of the special committee which has been making testimony in regard to the Pinkerton at Homestead, and their system in general of maintaining a private standing army to be hired to private citizens, says he expects to have his report ready in a few days, and to consult upon his report. There will be no action in this committee as there was in the Oates committee of the House last session, which committee it will be remembered, rejected the report prepared by its own Chairman. Judge Oates thereupon, in the last hours of the session, and in no good humor, presented his own report, which may or may not be heard of again. The rest of the committee do not seem to have any inclination to report at all.

The Pennsylvanians in Congress were all in their seats to-day with the exception of Griswold, of the Erie district, who was not a candidate for re-election, and was naturally disgusted with Congressional life and who will probably see as little of this session as he can. Senators Quay and Cameron were both in their seats, Quay looking so subdued, and Cameron looking so bright, as if for an Indian from Indian river, instead of a Senator from that delightful Florida region. Should the Senator's health remain good he may sit through the session, but there was a large crowd waiting at the station. As soon as it had stopped Mr. Cleveland stepped lightly from it, followed by Mrs. Cleveland, Baby Ruth and Mr. Freeman, whose carriage was awaiting the party. Before entering the carriage Mr. Cleveland stopped and cordially greeted the assemblage, shaking hands with all. The party was driven to the Freeman residence.

Mr. Cleveland looked well pleased with his reception, but seemed to have lost weight since he left last spring. Mr. Freeman, when asked how long he expected to have Mr. Cleveland as a guest, replied: "I can tell you nothing about Mr. Cleveland's plans, as I do not as yet know he is having told me nothing as to his future movements. It is very probable that the President-elect intends to stay only a few days here at present, his only baggage being a dress suit case."

FIGHTING FOR UNIONISM.

A Crisis Inevitable in the Glass Industry of Bridgeton, N. J. BRIDGETON, N. J., Dec. 5.—The work of unionizing the non-union glass factories here is proceeding rapidly. Of the 125 blowers employed by the Cumberland Manufacturing Company, 93 of them have joined the union. Manager Bassett of the Cumberland company, to-day discharged 16 of the men upon their acknowledgment that they would strike work if ordered to do so by the union. It is said that the apprentices at the Cumberland works may be called out soon and work stopped.

The men in the other non-union works are expected to fall into line soon and join the union, and the men expect to have no difficulty in winning the fight. No question of wages is involved, but simply a contest as to whether the work shall be union or non-union.

TO SEARCH FOR VERHOEFF.

No Lack of Men Eager to Explore the Icy Regions of Greenland.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 5.—American Simms' call for volunteers to join the proposed expedition to set out for Greenland and in search of young John Verhoeff, the missing member of Peary's expedition, has already met with numerous responses. None of these were by letter. Such a method of communication was too slow for the enthusiasts.

PLUPT POLITICIANS

Engage in an Exciting Discussion Over a Pretty Peculiar Paper

IN THE OLD QUAKER CITY.

Catholics and Colored Voters Get Some Very Hard Knocks.

POSTMASTER GENERAL HARRISON Would Be a Bogie Man for Many of His City's Teachers.

HOW THE LATE ELECTION STRUCK THEM

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—One of the most exciting discussions ever held by the Presbyterian ministers of Philadelphia was that at their weekly meeting to-day, on the recent campaign and its results. The breeze was caused by a paper by Rev. Dr. David Wills, entitled "An Impartial Review of Recent Public Events." It dwelt principally on the result of the late election. "The voice of the people," Dr. Wills said, "is the voice of God. As Presbyterians we felt proud in our Chief Magistrate, and when his result in private life a mighty volume of commendation will follow him. His successor also knows the Presbyterian catechism by heart. It seems that Presbyterians are the stuff from which Presidents and Cabinet Officers are made."

The Doctor then gave the views of different individuals as to the cause of the upheaval. There was a growing dissatisfaction, he declared, regarding monopoly and boodles and the run power at the polls. He dreaded the present system of immigration, and spoke of various dangers to the American Republic.

How the Discussion Was Opened.

The discussion was opened by Rev. Dr. Stevenson, who declared himself to be perfectly satisfied with the result of the recent election. He was followed by Dr. Sullivan, who declared himself a Republican by conviction and choice. He said he was not satisfied with the outcome of the election, but believed that God ruled and that the Government would be saved after the 4th of March. He attributed the defeat to party ignorance. One of the with-pulling element which attended the Minneapolis convention. "In the next place," said he, "I believe that Blaine, Quay, Platt and others had been antagonized, and if it was the voice of the people that defeated President Harrison I am sure it was the voice of God on account of the opposition to these men."

Rev. Dr. Bolton declared that the cause of the present result was the fact that it was the people who caused the result, which showed that the people are going to do for themselves, whether for good or evil. "I do not believe," he continued, "that the Democrats are the majority in this country. It was the result of putting money in the hands of a class."

One Who Votes as a Christian.

Rev. Dr. Brown declared he was neither a Democrat, Republican nor Mugwump, but always voted as a Christian. His case was that of the great apostle in the Bible, who said, "when orders were issued from the Vatican to the bishops of France and America to have Catholics support certain candidates. It is clear that the next Postmaster General will be a Roman Catholic, and that all postmasters under him will be Catholics."

Dr. Logan, of Scranton, never made a political speech in his life, but judging from the sermon of Cardinal Gibbons, the next war would be between the ignorant and intelligent. Rev. Dr. Thomas A. Hoyt here arose in a state of much excitement and said: "Some of the speeches made here this morning display more individual ignorance than the ordinary vote. One man says that Harrison quarreled with Quay, and Dr. Bolton says the Democrats are in a minority. Why, there were more Democratic votes than ever ago than there are now. Dr. Logan thinks that the negro in the South has been disfranchised. I say that was an outrage that the ballot was ever put into the hands of the negro. I feel in a state of hilarity over the result of the election."

The Party Called on by God.

Rev. Dr. Charles A. Dickey said: "I have been a Republican, and I believe that it is the party which God will call into power when the country is in danger. I believe that the rebellion is not yet over. We were called not only to fight rebellion the last time, but also Romanism. They were united with ruin before and defeated a good man. I possess the letter of a Catholic bishop which says that the day of retribution is near. I believe that a Roman Catholic for Indian Commissioner, and plans are already on foot for the appointment of another. Bishops have already been pleading. I will send these letters, which I possess, to Mr. Cleveland. The possibility is that the Postmaster General will be a Roman Catholic. It has come to the time when we should be ready to take up arms against Catholicism."

The speaker was Rev. Dr. Robert H. Fulton, who expressed himself as sorry at the attacks made on Catholics, and said: "I do not fear the Catholic question in the least. Reference was made by a previous speaker to the sermon of Cardinal Gibbons, preached before the election. I have read the sermon, and I would have preached the same doctrine from my own pulpit, and I am sorry that I had not a copy of it. The Cardinal merely urges the members of his great congregation to be honest at the polls."

One Who Wants No Bitter Feelings.

"I am sorry that Catholics have been assailed in this way. The salvation of souls does not depend on the triumph of Protestants or Catholics, and when we get to such a position that we bitter feelings are forgotten the better it will be for all. I refer my hearers to McMaster's 'History of America.' I was in favor of Mr. Blaine, and was sorry he was not nominated. My second choice was Cleveland, although I voted for Harrison."

The time having expired the Moderator declared the meeting adjourned amid much excitement.

PERPETUAL IMPRISONMENT

Advocated for Habitual Criminals, Paupers and Drunkards by Judge Wayland.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 5.—The first business session of the annual congress of the National Prison Association met to-day. Judge Francis Wayland, of New Haven, made the report of the standing Committee on Criminal Law Reform. He discussed three cases of crime—unrestrained immigration, the saloon and neglect of children. He suggested as the remedy the perpetual imprisonment of all habitual criminals, paupers and drunkards. Captain E. S. Wright, Warden of the Western Pennsylvania Penitentiary, read a paper before the Warden's Association on some features of prison discipline.

THE HUMAN GARDEN.

Doctors Say His Stomach Fostered Vegetation for Months.

LONG BRANCH, Dec. 5.—The case of Elmer Perrine, whose stomach for six weeks past has been utilized as a human vegetable garden, has been much commented upon by physicians here. Mr. Perrine a couple of months ago ate at a dinner a number of small pickled green peppers. He had eaten them many times before, but had never experienced any ill effect. While at work in the latter part of October he was taken violently ill, and the stomach was compelled to go home.

Dr. George A. Baker, after a rigid examination, came to the conclusion that something must be growing in Perrine's stomach. The emetic was administered. Perrine threw up four green peppers, all in a flourishing condition of growth and about an inch and a half long. The patient experienced great relief and said he felt 100 per cent better. Dr. Baker felt that the trick played in the unfortunate man's stomach had not been completely uprooted, and Perrine himself told the doctor a few hours afterward that he feared his stomach had not been cleared. The emetic was repeated. Friday and four more full grown peppers came from the stomach. This time the change for the better in the patient's condition was more marked than at first, and he has since gained rapidly. It is believed complete recovery is merely a question of a few days.

CRISPI TURNS REPUBLICAN.

The Pope Highly Elated Over a Speech by His Old Adversary.

ROME, Dec. 5.—Emperor William a short time ago offered through private agencies outside the regular diplomatic channel to make concessions to the Pope for the Catholics in Germany if His Holiness would influence the Center party to vote for the army bill. The Pope refused, not desiring to interrupt the friendly relations with France and Russia.

The Vatican is satisfied with a recent speech made by Signor Crispi, ex-Prime Minister, revealing a spirit of republicanism which may be taken as a first warning to the King. The speech was an indication that the South does not adhere strongly to the monarchy, and that the present situation is finally to give to the triumph of republicanism. The Pope has said, "At a time when Old Crispi is preparing himself for such a future, the monarchy must be very ill."

A GLASS STRIKE BEGUN.

President Eberhart Falls to Effect a Settlement at Manice, Ind.

MUNCIE, Ind., Dec. 5.—[Special.]—T. S. Eberhart, of Pittsburg, President of the Window Glass Workers' Union, arrived in this city to-day, to try and settle the difficulties at the Maring-Hart Window Glass Works. Several councils were held to-day, and at to-night's meeting the manufacturers and workers failed to agree, so what promises to be a long strike is now on its earnest. Some blowers are leaving the city for other points and no union men will be permitted to work in the factory.

The men asked for the Jeanette, Pa., factory scale while at work on the continuing freight train. About 300 hands are thrown out of work. The firm is not anxious, as it, with a majority of the glass manufacturers here, expect the protective tariff on glass to soon come down, and with it the high wages of the workers.

TROUBLE FOR PARKHURST.

His Agents in Trouble for Blackmailing Keepers of Low Resorts.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—The police say they have evidence to prove that Charles W. Gardner, Superintendent of Rev. Dr. Parkhurst's Society for the Suppression of Crime, has lately been blackmailing the proprietors of disreputable houses in this city. Superintendent Byrnes' men have been on Agent Gardner's track for several days, and found in his apartments marked down the names of the houses which he took as bribes from Lillie Clifton, the complainant. J. Chauncey Grant, an ex-agent of Dr. Parkhurst's society, has also made a confession which implicates Gardner in blackmailing. Gardner is now under arrest.

RELIEF FOR THE RANDALLS.

A Benefit Ball to Be Given by Sympathizers in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 5.—[Special.]—The move for the relief of the family of the late Congressman Samuel J. Randall, of Philadelphia, has taken a definite shape. To-day arrangements were completed for a grand benefit ball to be given in the hall of the Merchants' Exchange during the Christmas holiday week. It is said the proceeds will net the Randall family from \$5,000 to \$10,000, as tickets will be placed at a sum not less than \$5 each.

FAMINE STALKS IN RUSSIA.

The Governors of Two Provinces Appeal to the Government for Aid.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 5.—The Governor of the Province of Voronezh has asked the Imperial Government for 5,000,000 roubles with which to purchase food for the peasants in that Province who are suffering from famine. The Government of the Province of Toula asks for 2,000,000 roubles to be expended for the same purpose. Owing to a series of bad crops in the Government of Samaria, large numbers of German colonists have been ruined.

A Very Serious Wreck.

When the wreck happened Conductor Jack Pitcairn was busy taking up tickets. He was thrown against the side of the car and badly bruised. Coming in on the train last evening Dr. Deffenderfer, of the relief service, examined him. He did not think any bones were broken, but he couldn't tell whether the popular and genial conductor was injured internally or not. It is possible a few ribs may have been fractured. He suffered intensely from the bruises on his shoulder and back. His brother, who is trainmaster of the road, said Jack was weak in the back and he hoped for the best. A West Penn ambulance was called to bring the conductor to the hospital. The engineer and stoker on the freight engine did the same, and were not hurt.

GRADE CROSSINGS MUST GO.

The Reading Promises a Move in Philadelphia in the Right Direction.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—The Reading Railroad Company has decided to abolish all its grade crossings in this city, and as soon as the difficulties in the way are overcome the work will begin. The plans contemplate elevating the tracks over the streets in some places and depressing them in other places.

CHICAGO WANTS SUNDAY OPENING.

The City Council Adopts a Memorial to Congress on the Matter.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—The City Council to-night passed a memorial requesting Congress to repeal all legislation prohibiting the opening of the World's Fair on Sunday. The memorial reminds Congress that the financial burden of the Fair was laid upon Chicago, and that she was not allowed to have any voice in the matter of how the city should treat its own guests.

City's State for the Anti-Option Bill.

ATLANTA, Dec. 5.—The Georgia Legislature, both branches concurring, set the final seal of approval on the Hatch anti-option bill resolution this morning. This puts both branches of the Georgia Legislature on record as favoring the passage of the Hatch bill.

A Western Politician's Suicide.

SANTA FE, N. M., Dec. 5.—Hon. L. L. Fielder, a leading lawyer and well-known Democratic politician in Southern New Mexico, committed suicide to-day by taking poison at Silver City. Drinking and domestic troubles are given as the cause.



HUNTING THE HUNTER.

A PASSENGER WRECK.

Uniontown Express Collides With Two Engines at Pennsville.

CONDUCTOR JACK PITCAIRN HURT.

A Dozen or More People Badly Cut and Bruised in the Accident.

CARELESS WORK OF A FREIGHT CREW

A bad collision occurred on the South-western branch of the Pennsylvania road at the Pennsville siding yesterday afternoon. The Uniontown express, of which A. J. Pitcairn is conductor, ran into two freight engines. The passenger train was running at the rate of 40 miles per hour, and it was miraculous that nobody was killed. As it is Jack Pitcairn, the conductor, and a son of a Councilman from the Eighth ward, was badly hurt about the left shoulder and back, and a number of other passengers were more or less injured. The list follows: JAMES M. WILSON, of Pennsville, aged 45 years, badly injured about the head. He was taken to the hospital. JOHN STRUBB, of Pittsburg, baggage master, injured about the face. She lives at Pennsville, and was able to walk to her house. J. L. HUFFNER, of Uniontown, slightly injured. CHARLES RUFFNER, of Uniontown, a son of J. F. Ruffner, hurt in the mouth. Father and son did not think they needed medical attention. ANXIE KRECK, daughter of Mike Kreck, a Hungarian, who lives at Pennsville, hurt in the mouth. Her face is supposed to have struck the seat ahead of her in the collision. G. W. BROWN, commercial traveler from Uniontown, right arm sprained. J. R. DRECKER, drummer from Alliance, both less sprained. He remained at Scottsdale overnight. A Scottish Woman Badly Injured. MRS. HANNAH WEIBEL, of Scottsdale, badly injured in the back. Doctor stated she was seriously hurt and suffered intense pain. JOHN ADAMSON, of Jeannette; cut about the eye. J. V. McGUIRE, Jr., of Pittsburg, express messenger and a son of Councilman J. J. McGUIRE; left arm slightly injured. J. M. LAMBERT, of Pittsburg, postal clerk; leg sprained and head injured. JOHN STRUBB, of Pittsburg, baggage master; head badly cut. JOHN SPANGLO, of Pittsburg, passenger brakeman; cut. A. J. PITCAIRN, Pittsburg, conductor; left shoulder and back badly injured.

The collision occurred in a very simple manner. The freight train was on its way from Scottsdale to Connellville, and had orders to run on the Pennsville siding until the Uniontown express had passed. When they reached the siding, the freight train was on it, and occupied the nearest end. The engineer decided to take the chances of running to the farthest end of the siding and backing in. Before this was accomplished, the passenger train came along. The collision occurred on a narrow curve. Fortunately the freight engines were moving slowly, and when struck were pushed backward. If two solid trains had crashed together the damage would have been frightful. Engineer Lourey, of the passenger train, reversed his locomotive, and jumped for his life. His fireman followed, and both escaped uninjured. The engineer and stoker on the freight engine did the same, and were not hurt.

It is stated that the Mafia, or whatever it is, has notified Zuckerman that if he gives any testimony against any Italian his life will be forfeited. He will endeavor to leave the city as to avoid appearing against Stefano.

AFRAID OF THE MAFIA.

An Italian in Cleveland in a Hurry to Leave the City.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 5.—[Special.]—Nathan Zuckerman, who was a witness against the Italian Carizzo, killed by the police, is in fear of his life, and announced to the officials of the police to-day that he was determined to leave the city as soon as he was summoned to appear as the prosecuting witness against James Lauri, the Italian boy who assaulted him on the street Saturday. He trembled with fear while in the court-room, and repeatedly told the Judge that he had no desire to prosecute the culprit.

DEPEW MUST ANSWER.

Locomotive Engineers Insist on a Contract Relating to Grievances.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Although both parties to the controversy between the New York Central Railway and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers are reticent, it has leaked out that their differences were not settled at last Thursday's conference between the committee and Mr. Depew. A member of the Board of Adjustment said to-day: "We have submitted a new contract to Mr. Depew, and we are going to insist on an answer. It involves no changes in rates or conditions, but refers rather to the presenting of grievances. I won't say the union will strike if their demands are not granted; but I will say that the union won't work unless the new contract is accepted."

WEIGHTED DOWN BY STONES.

The Body of an Unknown Beautiful Woman Found in a Creek in New York.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Dec. 5.—The body of a beautiful young woman was found late this afternoon in East Chester creek, near Webber's Hotel, on the outskirts of this city. When the body was removed from the creek it was found that a rope was attached to the woman's waist, and that at the end of the rope there were two stones, weighing together about 95 pounds. It was the coroner's opinion that the body had been in the water about 36 hours. The dead woman was about 18 years old and elegantly dressed.

Pennsylvania-Delaware Line Corrected.

WEST CHESTER, Pa., Dec. 5.—The joint commission charged with the establishment of the correct line between Pennsylvania and Delaware met in the office of Wagon MacVeagh Saturday and received a report of the surveyors. They ordered the monumental stones, which are to be placed at a distance of half a mile apart along the line, to be delivered.

THE FEELING GROWS

That Canada Should Soon Be Annexed to the Sisterhood of States.

PAPERS FALLING IN LINE,

Many of Which Are Surprised to Find Themselves There.

HOW SOME OF THE BEST PUT IT.

They Say the Present Conditions Cannot Long Continue.

GREAT GROWTH OF SUCH SENTIMENT

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.)

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 5.—Public opinion on this side of the line is being freely expressed fast now, and those who a year ago would hardly dare give expression to their views on the question of Political Union with the United States now come openly out with their declarations indorsing the movement. The Woodstock Sentinel, in discussing the question, says: "The attempt to suppress by force those who believe in Political Union might be attended with inconvenience and difficulty. When we are not able to answer annexationists, but attempt to put them down by the only violence, their victory is won. The personal way to suppress the annexationists is to remove the evils of which they justly complain. With more political honesty, progressive statesmanship and fiscal freedom in this country their agitation would soon die out. It receives almost its entire impetus from the idleness of the paid patriots who would resort to personal violence."

The Subject Must Be Discussed.

The Bobcaygeon Independent says: "This subject of annexation has to be discussed. It cannot be disposed of by calling its advocates traitors. To attempt persecution of the annexationists is only to advance their cause. There is by far the largest half of the people of Ontario who hold strongly to British connections, but the national policy has been forcing the people in an opposite direction, and unless a change is made in the conditions, Ontario will be annexed in job lots. There are more Canadians in the States than there are in Ontario. Then is it not time that the conditions were changed?"

Macdonaldism, brooding and national policy are carrying Ontario into the American Union. This thing must be stopped, and the only way to stop it is to treat Macdonaldism in Canada as McKinleyism has been treated in the States. It is higher than a kite. These last words of warning should be carefully noticed by Conservatives. They must abandon the national policy right off, and get rid of the Macdonald bandit. If they do not, Ontario will not stand a stable itself constantly in the Union."

Canada Not Growing Fast Enough.

The Brookville Review says: "There are, so far as we know, very few annexationists in this section, but it is evident the idea is gaining ground in the West. The feeling of dissatisfaction with our present condition is not confined to the West nor the Liberal party alone is beyond doubt. We are not growing as we ought. We are not as prosperous as our immense natural resources warrant. There is a great need of expansion and increase in our present condition. We are taxed very heavily in many ways for immense and costly public works designed to promote the growth and commerce of the country, and still the tale told by the census is not satisfactory. "The Liberals believe that an honest government, actuated by a desire to promote the interests of the masses and not the classes, would give the country a chance to expand and increase with our present prosperity and population; that, freed from the restrictions of protective tariffs and from the demoralizing influences of political corruption and robbery of the public money, we could become the most prosperous of the countries of the earth we ought to occupy. So far, however, the machinery employed by an unscrupulous government, whose sole desire is to remain in power, has prevented this, and the growing dissatisfaction is spreading very fast."

The Branch Rapidly Widening.

The St. John Telegraph says: "It seems to be pretty generally accepted, not only in Montreal but throughout Canada, that the present relations between the mother country and the colonies cannot be very long maintained. The glorious dream of imperial federation is undoubtedly looked upon by the masses as more or less impracticable and visionary."

The St. John Globe says: "In a very short time this country will be alive with the fires of a new political agitation of a more sweeping character than any we have yet had. At the Liberal party's convention in South-Western Ontario the other day the political union of the United States and Canada was favored by many of the speakers. On Friday night last the Hon. J. C. Patterson, Secretary of the convention, banqueting the Liberal party, as a compliment to him on removing his residence to Ottawa. The gentleman chosen to preside over this feast to a Conservative member was that eminent Conservative advocate of annexation, Solomon White, M. P. P."

More Marked From Week to Week.

The Irish Medium, one of the most influential organs of the Irish party in Canada, says: "Where or how this hankering after annexation, becoming more marked from week to week, is going to end, it is difficult to say, but that the annexation fever is spreading can be denied except by a wrench of conscience. The other day it was at Listowel that the voice of the 'political unionist' was heard; to-day he is heard at Simcoe